

Roll No. ....

## BCA-305(O)

**B. C. A. (Third Semester)  
EXAMINATION, Dec., 2012**

(Old Course)

Paper Fifth

**MICROPROCESSOR**

*Time : Three Hours ]*

*[ Maximum Marks : 75*

**Note :** Section A is compulsory. Attempt any *seven* questions from Section B and *one* question from Section C.

**Section – A**

**15**

**(Numerical/Analytical/Problematic Questions)**

1. Draw the block diagram of 8085 bus structure and explain the four basic operations performed by microprocessor.
2. (a) Calculate the address lines required for  $4096 \times 16$  memory chip.  
(b) If the memory chip size is  $2048 \times 8$  bits, how many chips are required to make up 16 k memory.  
(c) If the memory address of last location of 16 K byte memory chip is given FBFF, specify the starting address.

## Section - B

## (Short Answer Type Questions)

3. Differentiate the following terms :
- SRAM and DRAM
  - PROM and flash memory
4. What are tri-state logic device ? Explain latches with suitable example.
5. Specify the register content in the flag status as the following instructions are executed :
- |    |    |
|----|----|
| A  | 00 |
| B  | FF |
| S  | 0  |
| Z  | 1  |
| CY | 0  |
- MVI      A, F2H
- MVI      B, 7AH
- ADD      B
- OUT      PORT 0
- HLT
6. What is Register ? Explain the description of the following registers in detail :
- Accumulator
  - Flag register
  - General purpose register
7. What is Addressing Modes ? Explain different types of addressing modes in detail.
8. Draw the block diagram of internal architecture of 8085.



9. Explain how many times the following loop will be executed :

```
LXI B, 0009H
LOOP : DCX B
      MOV A, B
      ORA C
      JNZ LOOP
```

10. Draw a schematic diagram to generate Read/Write control signals for memory.

11. Explain the following terms :

- (i) Program counter                      (ii) Stack pointer

12. Write a program in 8085 assembly language to sum first  $n$  natural numbers.

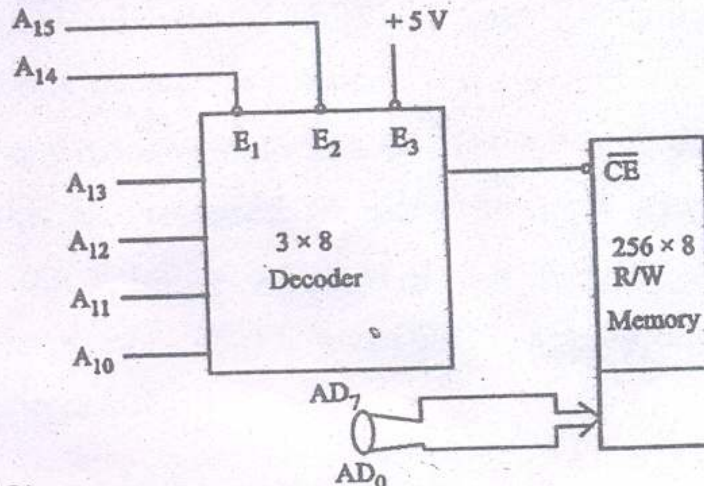
Section - C

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(Long Answer Type Questions)

13. Explain various types of I/O Interfacing with suitable example.

14. Find the entire range of memory address from the following fig. Explain the significance of don't care address line on memory address :



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